

IELTS NOTES

Top 50 Transitive Verbs for IELTS

1. - T->D->I
2. - T->I->D
3. - List of both transitive and intransitive verbs

Subject + (Transitive) Verb 2 + Direct Object

- I gave a book.
- She told me a story.
- The teacher sent an email.
- She purchased a car.
- I ate some pizza.

Quantifier:

- Some
- Many
- Much
- A few
- A lot
- a/an
- the.

- My parents read a poem.

Subject + (Transitive) Verb 2 + Direct Object + Indirect Object

- I watched a movie with my mum and dad in the shopping mall yesterday morning.

NOTES:

- A direct object can be:
 1. Noun
 2. Pronoun

T->D

O The teacher sent an email to the students.

X The teacher sent to the students an email.

X The teacher sent, to the students, an email. (Poetry/Creative Writing)

e.g., She gave her brother a new novel.

Intransitive Verbs:

Subject + Intransitive Verbs + _____

- I slept peacefully.
- I jogged quickly.
- We arrived early.
- She woke up late.

- I walked to the school.
- I stood near the 7-11.

Transitive and Intransitive Verb

- The teacher went to the park.
- I go to the park.

I run every morning. (Run = exercise)

I run a small coffee shop. (Run = operate)

Prepositions:

- in, at, on
- beside
- opposite
- behind
- below
- under
- over

Advanced Grammar

- I said that the weather is beautiful.

FUTURE TENSES

Future Simple:

Subject + will + Verb 1 + Object

- I will travel to the moon on Monday with Elon Musk.
- She will study overseas.
- They will eat dinner in the living room this evening.
- The country will reduce taxes for many people.
- I will have dinner after class.

Future Perfect:

Subject + will + have + Verb 3 + Object + when/after/before + S + V + O

- I will have studied for many years when you retire.
- I will have graduated before you arrive back home.
- The family will have saved enough money after you graduate from university.
- I will have eaten dinner after class.

Future Continuous:

Subject + will be + V~ing + Object

- I will be traveling to the moon when you arrive back home.
- They will be studying overseas while we renovate the house.
- They will be eating dinner in the living this evening.
- The country will be reducing taxes for many people.
- I will be having dinner after class.

First Conditional:

If + Subject + Verb 1 + Object + then + S + will + Verb 1 + Object

- If I save money, I will travel to the moon. (Writing)
- If we save money then we will renovate the house. (Speaking/listening)
- If we buy a car then we will have more debt.
- I will travel to the moon if I save money. (Writing)
- We will renovate the house if we save money. (Speaking/listening)
- We will have more debt if we buy a car.

IELTS Wellington

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Unit 8

Prepositions (of Location) for a Map in IELTS:

1. **In** - The school is in the city centre.
2. **On** - If you drive on London Road then you will see the school.
3. **At** - The sports centre is at the intersection of London Road and Main Road.
4. **Next to/beside** - The clinic is next to the sports centre.
5. **Between**
 - The community centre is between the clinic and the supermarket. (A - B - C)
 - Between the clinic and the supermarket is the community centre.
6. **Near / close to** - The playground is near the supermarket.
7. **Opposite** - The bus station was opposite the shopping mall, but now it is between the supermarket and the school. (Bus station). (A-B-C)
8. **Behind** - The parking lot will be behind the supermarket, however it is on London Road beside the community centre at the moment.
10. **To the left of / To the right of:**
 - The bank is to the left of the library.
 - To the left of the library is the bank. (Bank)
 - The swimming pool is to the right of the classrooms. (Math classroom)
 - To the right of the science classrooms is the swimming pool. (Math classroom)
 - In the future, the math classrooms will be to the right of the English classrooms after that renovation has been completed.
11. **South of / North of / East of / West of + Noun:**
 - The clinic is to the south of the swimming pool.
12. **Across from:** The hotel is across from the train station.

In – ใน

On – บน

At – ที่

Next to / Beside – ข้างๆ

Between – ระหว่าง

Near / Close to – ใกล้

Opposite – ตรงข้าม

Behind – ข้างหลัง

In front of – ข้างหน้า

To the left of / To the right of – ทางซ้าย
ของ / ทางขวาของ

South of / North of / East of / West of –
ทางใต้ของ / ทางเหนือของ / ทางตะวันออก
ของ / ทางตะวันตกของ

Along – ตาม

Across from – ข้ามจาก

What are these?

- **Zero Conditional: Facts = 100% (Sure)**

- (Cause) When + Subject + Verb 1 + Object + then + S + Verb 1 + Object (Result)

- When it rains in Bangkok during the weekend then it floods badly.

- **First Conditional: Possibility 50~99% (Likely)**

- (Cause) If + Subject + Verb 1 + Object + then + S + will + Verb 1 + Object (Result)

- If it rains in Bangkok during the weekend then I will stay home.

Modal Verbs:

1. **Can** – สามารถ
2. **Could** – อาจจะ
3. **May** – อาจ
4. **Might** – อาจจะ
5. **Must** – ต้อง
6. **Shall** – จะ
7. **Should** – ควร
8. **Will** – จะ
9. **Would** – จะ

Can these conditionals be used with modal verbs? (March 26th, 2025)